# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FREEDOM OF INFORMATION/PRIVACY ACTS SECTION COVER SHEET

SUBJECT: ALBERT J LINGO

February 25, 1963 Airtal SAC, Mobile Director, From: John Robert Zeklner CIVIL RIGHTS Re Mabile teletype to Bureau 2-18-63, entitled "John Robert Zellner, RM - CR. Department advisatithis date that they had received Lawrest of Zellory on or Abres 1-8-60 feliner at time of arrest in a charge of noneptracy to describe on the state of the while the contacts the charge was changed to vagragey and to was somvicial on this charge. The conviction was appealed to the Circuit Court. Montgomery, Alabama, and the vagrancy charge was dismissed 2-12-63. For your information, Department also advised that Zellner was presently pendiscipial on the charge of false pretenses and is scheduled to be tried on this charge in Montgomery on 1-27-83. Department requests that we reminet a proliminary tovestigation into the faitful green's Zeliner on charges of compliancy, the subsequent changing of the charges to vagrancy upon rhigh he was convicted and he subsequent distributed of the charges by the Circuit Court. Took investigation should include interviews of victim, subjects, and a theorough check of Arrest records showing the basis for charges placed scales Follows: Copies of official records which are pertipent to be obtained if jossible. 21480 21480 JWH:hw (L) bee note EB 2 6 196 19 FEB 27, 1963 COMM-FRI NCONS TELETYPE UNIT

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You should note that Department's request does not include investigation of the false pretenses charge placed against Zeliner, or the subsequent trial on these charges. In order to avoid any possibility our investigation might conflict with the matter presently pending against Zeliner, you should not initiate this preliminary investigation until Zeliner's trial for false pretenses has been completed. Under no circumstances should an Agent be present in the courtroom during the course of Zeliner's trial on these charges.

Advise appropriate officials at the initiation of this investigation and advise persons interviewed that investigation is being conducted at the request of Mr. Burke Marshall, Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division, Washington, D. C.

Adgise the Bureau by teletype when Zellner's present trial has been completed and your investigation has been initiated. Surep within seven days thereafter setting forth results. Include in this report the opinion of the U.S. Attorney as to the merits.

NOTE: See meme Rosen to Belmont, same caption, same date, EWH:cac.

REGION TO ME Belmont
REGION TO ME TO AL.
DOCUMENT ZELLNER

charges to determine the basis for these charges.

It was indicated to Mr. Murphy that as a matter of usual procedure the Bureau would not ordinarily allow an Agent to be present in the trial of a local matter, particularly one of a controversial nature and where we had conducted no prior investigation.

It was suggested that if it was necessary to have someone present, it would be more appropriate to have an attorney of the U. S. Attorney's Office or the Department present. It was also suggested that as an investigative matter the Bureau could determine the outcome of the trial and possibly obtain the transcripts if such were available.

Mr. Murphy stated that he intended to discuss the matter with Mr. Doar further and that as of this time we should take no action until further advised by the Department.

### ACTION

Instructions will be issued to the Mobile Office to initiate a preliminary investigation into the initial arrest of Zellner on conspiracy charges and his subsequent trial conviction and dismissal of the vagrancy charges against him.

No action will be taken on Mr. Murphy's tentative request to have an Agent present at the trial of Zellner on false pretense charges unless further request is received from the Department.

4

Mr. Belmont Mr. Mohr. Mr. Casper Mr. Conrac

Mr. Evan Mr. G

Mr. B Mr. Mr. 7

Mr. Frotter Tele. Room

Miss Holmes Miss Gandy.

4-00PM

MCM

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM SAC MOBILE

ET AL. JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER VICTIM

RECEIVED

CIVIL RIGHTS.

REURAIRTEL FEBRUARY TWENTYSIX, SIXTYTHREE.

VICTIM/S TRIAL, MONTGOMERY COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT EX-118 MON DIE/

MONTGOMERY, ALA., ENDED IN MISTRIAL HTHIS DATE

CIVIL RIGHTS INVESTIGATION WILL BE INSTITUTED MARCH 1E8 (3) 5 00 PM '63

ONE, SIXTYTHREE, UACB.

END ACK PLS

5-00 PM OK FBI WA WS

### U.S. Is Probing Arrest Of Voter Aide in Alabama

A 7 By Robert E. Baker Staff Reporter

The Department of Justice has begun an investigation of the arrest of a white man trying to increase Negro voter registration in Alabama. The arrest was made by high officials of that State.

The man is John Robert Zellner, 23, a field secretary for the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee in Atlanta.

In a motion filed last week in the U.S. District Court in Montgomery, Zellner said he was arrested Jan. 8 on the campus of Huntingdon College on the orders of George C. Wallace—a week before Wallace was inaugurated Governor.

The actual arrest was made by Al Lingo, the court papers state. Lingo had been selected by Wallace to be State Public Safety Director in his administration. The arrest was made, according to the suit, despite the fact that incumbent State Safety Director Floyd Mann and Gov. John Patterson opposed it.

#### Mistrial Declared

Zellner was convicted of vagrancy in Recorder's Court and appealed. Before he left jail on Jan. 10, however, he was arrested on a charge of "false pretenses" involving a check for \$85 that he wrote to pay for camera equipment he bought at a pawn shop. The state has dropped the vagrancy conviction and a mistrial was declared yesterday on the check charge.

Zellner said State Police cars kept him under constant surveillance in Montgomery and even followed him to his grandmother's funeral in Mobile on Jan. 26.

He said the arrests and "har-assments" violated both the State and Federal Constitutions and were intended to interfere with his registration work among Negroes. He asked the fidelity of the State from hards ing him and trying him on the false pretense charge.

Johnson declined to grant the request, however, pending the outcome of the State trial.

#### Plea Made to Jury

In Montgomery Circuit Court on Wednesday, Zellner's attorney, Charles Morgan Jr., of Birmingham, told the jury that the Atlanta bank would have honored Zellner's check if the police hadn't seized it in the Montgomery pawn shop.

Morgas urged the all-white jury not to consider Zellner's

preintegration activities in reaching a verdict. "The day that comes in this State that a man who disagrees can be charged and convicted of a crime, we will all be in trouble," he said.

Yesterday, after five hours of deliberation, the jury reported that it couldn't reach a verdict and Circuit Judge Eugene Carter declared a mistrial

The Justice Department said it was not interested in the false-pretense charge. But, a spokesman said, the Department is investigating the circumstances of Zellner's arrest on the vagrancy charge to determine whether his civil rights were violated. The investigation, a spokesman said, will take several weeks

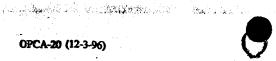
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CIVIL LIE

Rebusirtel 2-26-63.

The Department by momerandum received 3-4-63 furnished copies of the unsigned statement of the victim in this matter.

This statement was furnished to a representative of the

of has also made available a copy of E 1 1-10-63 from the Assistant General Counsel of civil Rights Commission to the Department.

For assistance in the investigation presently underway in your office, there is enclosed herewith one copy each of the

MAILED 25 MAR 4 + 1967

CF: eac (4) cac

COMM-FBI

In accordance with request of John Murphy, CRD, reBuairtel NOTE: instructed a PI be instituted into the original arrest of victim for conspiracy 1-8-63 and his subsequent trial on vagrancy charges in an effort to determine the basis for these charges. Victim arrested by subject on campus of Alabama State Collged on charge of conspiracy based on efforts of victim to organize demon strations among students. After victim in custody, conspiracy changed to charge of vagrancy. He was tried and convicted for

Tolson Belmont Mohr vagrancy on 1-9-63. Victim appealed conviction in circuit court Callahan

Montgomery, and charges dismissed by this court 2-12-63. Conrad

DeLoach Evans . Gale <del>5</del>5 mar 13 1963

Holmes MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT Gandy

UNITED STATES GOVERY ENT *lemorandum* Mr. Rosen DATE: March 1, 1963 C. L. McGowand SUBIECI JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER VICTIM CIVIL RIGHTS SAC Tully of the Mobile Office telephonically contacted the Bureau as to the desirability of instituting a preliminary investigation in this case as of 3/1/63. b1C Zellner was arrested on 1/8/63 on a charge of conspiracy while on the campus of Alabama State Conege, Montgomery, Alabama. At that time Zellner was endeavoring to organize demonstrations on the campus. Following his arrest, the charge was changed to vagrancy. Zellner was convicted on that charge. The conviction was appealed to the Circuit Court in Montgomery. Alabama, and the vagrancy charge was dismissed on 2/12/63. An additional charge of false pretense was lodged against Zellner for having endeavored to obtain a camera from a store in Birmingham, Alabama. by payment of a check on an Atlanta, Georgia, bank. This bank had stated that Zellner had insufficient funds to cover the Zellner was being tried on the false pretense charge in Circuit Court beginning on 2/27/63. The Department had requested a preliminary investigation into the original arrest for conspiracy and the subsequent trial for vagrancy to determine the basis for such charges. The Bureau instructed the Mobile Office not to institute the investigation until the local trial on the false pretense charge had terminated. On 2/28/63 the trial in Montgomery, Alabama, Circuit Court ended in a mistrial. Tully stated that it was possible that the State might reschedule the trial at a later date and throught that the Bureau might desire to hold up on its investigation. He further pointed out that is a graduate of the FBI National Academy, and many enter is considered to be 'a known agitator" in the Montgomery area. Tully felt that investigation by the Bureau in this matter would result in an unfavorable comment from Governor Wallace, State of Alabama, as well as police officials in Montgomery, Alaba 5 () MAR 13 196; CLM:era 17 MAR 7 1963

Memorandum for Mr. Rosen

### **ACTION:**

Tully was instructed to proceed with the investigation. It was pointed out that Zellner was considered an "agitator" by individuals in Montgomery because of his efforts to advance the rights of the Negro minority groups and because his views on racial matters were different than those of city authorities, Tully was reminded that an individual has rights under the Constitution whether he agrees with the Administration in power in a local community or not. Tully was further advised that we could not let a statement or a fear of a statement by Governor Wallace hold up an investigation because it did not appear that Governor Wallace would ever endorse any civil rights investigation.

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOV INMENT

### Memorandum

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/28/63

FROM

SAC, MOBILE \_ (157-83)

- SUBJECT: JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER RM - CR

by

ReBuRad dated 2/13/63 and Buairtel to Mobile dated 2/26/63 captioned ETAL; JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER, CIVIL RIGHTS.

Enclosed herewith to the Bureau are 2 copies of a clipping which appeared in the 2/27/63 issue of the Montgomery Advertiser, Montgomery, Ala., a daily newspaper published at Montgomery. The editor is GROVER C. HALL, JR. and the article is entitled "ZELLNER PLEA DENIED TWICE; TRIAL TODAY".

Clippings carrying results of the trial will be furnished to the Bureau and in accordance with reBusirtel dated 2/26/63, teletype will be sent Bureau on disposition of trial.

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MAR 12 1963

### N U.S. Is Probing Arrest Of Voter Aide in Alabama

By Robert E. Baker Staff Reporter

The Department of Justice has begun an investigation of the arcest of a white man trying to increase negro voter registration in Alabama. The arrest was made by high offi-

chais of that State.

The man is John Robert Zellier, 23, a field secretary for the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee in Atlanta.

Atlanta
In a motion filed last week
In the U.S. District Court in Montgomery, Zellner said he was arrested Jan 8 on the campus of Huntingdon College on the orders of George C. Wallace—a week before Wallace was inaugurate Governor.

The actual arrest was made by Al Lingo, the court papers state. Lingo had been select-ed by Wallace to be State Pubed by wanage to be State Pub-lic Safety Director in his ad-ministration. The arrest was made, according to the suit, despite the fact, that incum-bent State Safety Director Floyd Mann and Gov. John Patterson opposed it.

#### Mistrial Declared

Zellner was convicted of vagrancy in Recorder's Court and appealed. Before he left jail on Jan 10, however, he wasarrested on a charge of "false pretenses" involving a check for \$85 that he wrote to pay for camera equipment he boughtvat a pawn shop. The state has dropped the vagrancy conviction and a mistrial was declared yesterday on the check charge.

Zellner said State Police cars kept him under constant surveillance in Montgomery and even followed himto his grandmother's funeral in Mo-

bile on Jan. 26.

He said the arrests and "harassments" violated both the State and Federal Constitutions and were intended to interfere with his registration work among Negroes. He said the Federal Court to stop the State from "harassing" him and trying shim on the false pretense charge.

Federal Judge Frank M. Jehnson declined to grant the request, however, pending the outcome of the State trial.

#### Plea Made to Jury

in Montgomery Circuit Court on Wednesday, Zellner's attorney, Charles Morgan Jr., of Birmingham, told the jury that the Atlanta bank would have honored Zellner's check if the police hadn't served it if the police hadn't seized it in the Montgomery pawn shop.
Morgan urged the all-white
jury not to consider Zellner's

Tolson \_\_\_\_ Belmont \_\_\_\_ Mohr \_\_\_\_ Casper \_\_\_\_ Callahan \_\_\_\_\_ Conrad \_\_\_\_\_ DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_ Evans \_\_\_\_\_ Gale \_\_\_\_ Bosen L Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_ Tavel \_\_\_\_\_ Trotter \_\_\_\_ Tele Room \_\_\_\_ Holmes \_\_\_\_

JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER VICTIMA CIVIL RIGHTS

prointegration -activities in reaching a verdict. "The day that comes in this State that a man who disagrees can be charged and convicted of a crime, we will all be in trouble, he said.

Yesterday, after five hours of deliberation, the jury re-ported that it couldn't reach a verdict and Circuit Judge Eugene Carter declared a mis-

trial.
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The New Leader
The Wall Street Journal
The National Observer
Date _ 3-1-63

ENCLOSURE 44 - 21480 - 7 / W



By Arthur Osgoode Special to The Washington Post

MONTGOMERY, Ala, Feb ing to the petition, the check MONTGOMERY, Ala, reu, ing to the pention, the chief of the Montgomery was held by the Montgomery city police and has never been presented for payment. "Had have the heave State and local have been so presented, it would have the heave been so presented, it would have the heave been so presented." here to charge State and local have been honored." authorities with violating his civil rights.

The petition specifically charged that Al Lingo, apspecifically Alabama." pointed Alabama public safety Unlawful Search director by Gov. George C. Wallace, assigned "tormen-he was subjected to unlawful tors" who trailed Zellner to search and that he was conhis grandmother's funeral and victed in the city court of vawhere the wake was being dence. held.

system of administration of prive the plaintiff of the right justice in Alabama for what of free speech and association was described as systematic . . . thereby further intimidatexclusion of Negroes at all ing Negroes and others inlevels, from the arresting volved in the voter registrapoliceman to the appellate tion movement." courts.

#### Patterson Opposed

being opposed to Zellner's ar diction to issue such an order, rest here on Jan. 8 on a hearing before three Fed"trumped-up charges" despite eral judges. views.

with vagrancy and convicted His trial in State court on the in a city court. The case was check case is to begin on later dropped when he ap-Wednesday. pealed. The second charge was for false pretense in writing an \$85 check for a cam-

According to the charge against Zellner, he wrote the check knowing he did not have sufficient funds in an Atlanta bank to cover it. But, accord-

Observing that Zellner is In a petition filed today, his attorney charged that Zellner Alabama counties where no seeing made the object of Negroes are now registered a campaign of harassment and intimidation aimed at halting is intended to force Zellner and the complaint said his arrest intimidation aimed at halting is intended to force Zellner work. a campaign to register Ne and others engaged in work similar or like to his to leave

It alleged that at his arrest outside the home grancy without any legal evi-

It also attacked the entire tion of his tormentors is to de-And it said that "the inten-

What is sought is an injunction forbidding further harass-The petition described former, or if the court determines it does not have juris-

Zellner is being represented by Charles Morgan, a white Zellner was first charged attorney from Birmingham.

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New York Post
The New York Times
The Worker
The New Leader
The Wall Street Journal
The National Observer
Date 2-2763

ENCLOSURE

### Zellner Plea Denied Twice; pusy in a urive to be in Dallas, registered to vote in Dallas, Lowndes, and Wilcox counties. It was alleged that because of their Trial Today

By ARTHUR OSGOODE John Robert Zellner goes on trial for false pretense in Cir. It was alleged that former Puncuit Court here Wednesday, two lic Safety Director Floyd Mann

charged with giving an \$85 check DECLINED REQUEST in payment for a camera when Mann, the motion continued, he knew he did not have enough declined the request, telling Lingo money in an Atlanta bank to that since "Zellner had com-

the Civil Rights Act in seeking would swear out a warrant." to have the U.S. District Court take jurisdiction of the case and backing up Mann, though he said vent Zellner from engaging in issue, an injunction forbidding that "as an ardent segregation at the voter registration drive."

"arasyment, intimidation and and had no objection to seeing him in fail."

persecution! of Zellner. After the motion for a temham went to Judge Richard Rives of the U.S. 5th Circuit Court of State of Alabama.' Appeals,

tion,

SOUGHT ARREST

Lingo, now director of the De the grand jury and the venire." partment of Public Safety has It was alleged that only white state agents.

The motion also said that for attorneys police commissioners, mer Gov. John Patterson, while sheriffs, or policemen. declaring he had no sympathy for Zellner, had declined to have him, arrested on "trumped-up" charges.

Zellner was first charged with vagrancy, but this case was dropped by the city prosecutor after his conviction in Recorder's Court. The false pretense charge

which followed resulted fir a grand jury indictment.

According to the motion filed in federal court, Zellner has been activity state and local authorities have sought "to make an example of him, thereby further intimidating Negroes and others involved in the voter registra-tion movement."

federal judges having Tuesday on Jan. 8 found waiting in his turned down his attorney's bid office "a private citizen named to stop the trial.

Al Lingo," who said Wallace The 23-year-old integrationist is wanted Zellner arrested.

over it. mitted no crime, then no one in Tuesday his attorney invoked the Department of Public Safety

him in jail ...

Lingo was described as makporary restraining order and stay ing the arrest on the Huntingdon of the trial was denied by Judge campus. In an affidavit accom-Frank M. Johnson Jr., attorney panying the motion, Zellner said Charles Morgan Jr. of Birming Lingo told him he was being arrested for conspiracy against "the

Rives also denied the applica- broad attack on what was described as systematic exclusion of Negroes from all state and Morgan had charged that Gov. local agencies involved in Zell-George Wallace had sought the ner's arrest and prosecution "exarrest of Zellner a week before cept perhaps for a mere token his inauguration, and that Al number of Negroes serving on

since harassed Zellner by keep persons serve as judges on Alaing him under the surveillance of bama state courts, or as employes of the courts, or as city

### SECREGATED FACILITIES

Attention was further called to segregated courtroom facilities.

Morgan contended that the purpose of the prosecution of Zellner was to run him out of the state, depriving him of his right of free speech and association."

The motion asked that the federal court take over the case, halt the alleged harassment, or as an alternative allow the case to be presented before a panel of three judges

Morgan had previously attacked the prosecution and arrest of Zellner when he sought last week to have Circuit Judge Eugene Carter quash his indictment on the grounds that it was not based on any legal evidence

The motion was filed in Zellner's behalf against Lingo, Circuit Solicitor William Thetford, and Deputy Solicitors Maury Smith and Frank Riggs. All were accused of unlawful use of the Patterson was described as police power of the state to pre(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Date:

Edition:

Author: Editor:

JOHN ROBERT Title: ZELLNER

2/27/63

Character: RM - CR

Classification: 157-83 Submitting Office: MOBILE

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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

### grancy Charges Dropped

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Charges of vagrancy against land spoke at length in attacking bun Robert Zellner, wouthful in Zellner's record of association tegration leader, were dropped with integrationist activities, in Circuit Court Tresday. Conceding that Zellner had

opinion that the city cannot sus which calls itself non-violent but tain and support a charge of on every opportunity performs

vagrancy against this defendant." acts which create dissension, have tred, unrest, and in certain cases viction on the charge of vagrancy in Recorder's Court, where he received a sentence of days hard labor.

The suggested that Zellner wished to be tried in order "to 60 days hard labor.

in not prossing the case. Cros

in Circuit Court Tresday. Conceding that Zellner had a City prosecutor Dave Crosland means of Livelihood, Crosland said that "it is my considered said it came from "a source

become a martyr and stir up more trouble with future activi-

Crosland further observed that Zellner had brought himself into disfavor with authorities at Huntingdon College when he attended integrationist meetings while a

student there.
Zellner was reprimended by the college at the time. Later, he was ordered to leave the campus while visiting a friend because his "views on racial matters differ from those of the student body"

student body."

He was also arrested during acial unrest at Albany, Ga., McComb, Miss., Talladega, and Baton Rouge.

Crosland, as he was dropping the charges against Zellner, commented on his connection as a correspondent with The Student Voice, publication of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee of Atlanta and on his arrest in a group of 11 "freedom riders" in Albany

Zellner's pocketbook, discarded at the time of the arrest, showed him to be a correspondent of the "Southern Patriot," of which Carl Braden, Jailed for failure to answer questions by the House Un-American Activities Committee,

is co-editor, said Crosland.
And he observed that Zellner is free there \$6,000 bond posted in Louisiana; where he was charged with anarchy

boc

Mr. DeLeach Mr. Evans Mr. Gale 1 Mr. Rosen Mr. Sullivan Mr. Tavet -Mr. Trotter ..... Tele. Room Miss Holmes\_\_\_\_ Miss Gandy.\_\_\_

Mr. Tolson

Mr. Belmont.... Mr. Mohr.... Mr. Casper. Mr. Callaban..... Mr. Conrad .....

ate page, name of paper, city and stater)

2A MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER MONTGOMERY, ALA.

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**b7**c

Crosland said a thorough investigation had been made of Zellner's activities over the past two years in order not "to unjustly condemn the defendant" and "to

The city prosecutor also said that Zellner had refused to testify as to his income when he was tried in Recorder's Court. Later, said Crostand; he disclosed that he earned "anywhere from 20, 30, 40 dollars a week," during his work in furthering integration for Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee."

see that he did receive justice

2/13/63 Date:

Edition: Author:

Editor:

Title: JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER

Character: RM - CR

Classification: 157-83

Submitting Office: MOBILE

MAR 1 5 1963

62 FEB 25 1963

And the second of the second of the second FEDERAL GUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HISTICE COMMUNICATIONS SECTION FEB 1 3 1968

2-13-63

DIRECTORS FEI

FROM SAC, MOBILE /157-83/

JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER. RM DASH CR.

REBURAD TODAY.

MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER ARTICLE REFLECTS VAGRANCY CHARGE

AGAINST ZELLNER DROPPED IN CIRCUIT COURT, MONTGOMERY. ON FEB.

TWELVE INSTANT.

END AND ACE PLS

4-39 PM OK FBI WA BH

Mr. Tolson.

Mr. Delmont

The second secon TO SAC MOBILE

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

lmer, racial matters dash civil rights

INFORMATION PREVIOUSLY RECEIVED FROM YOUR OFFICE THAT ZELLNER WAS CONVICTED OF VAGRANCY CHARGES JANUARY HIME LAST. EMPARTMENT advised his appeal from this conviction was schedules, for FEBRUARY TWELVE LAST AND RESULTS OF APPRAL.

L:care (3)

If next radio contact missed, send by urgent teletype plain text.

74-21480 19 FEB 14 1963

CK' ENC. IL

/TE:

John Robert Zellner has been active in integration demonstrations in the south for the past several years. He was arrested and charged with vagrancy on January 8, 1963, in Montgomery, Alabama.

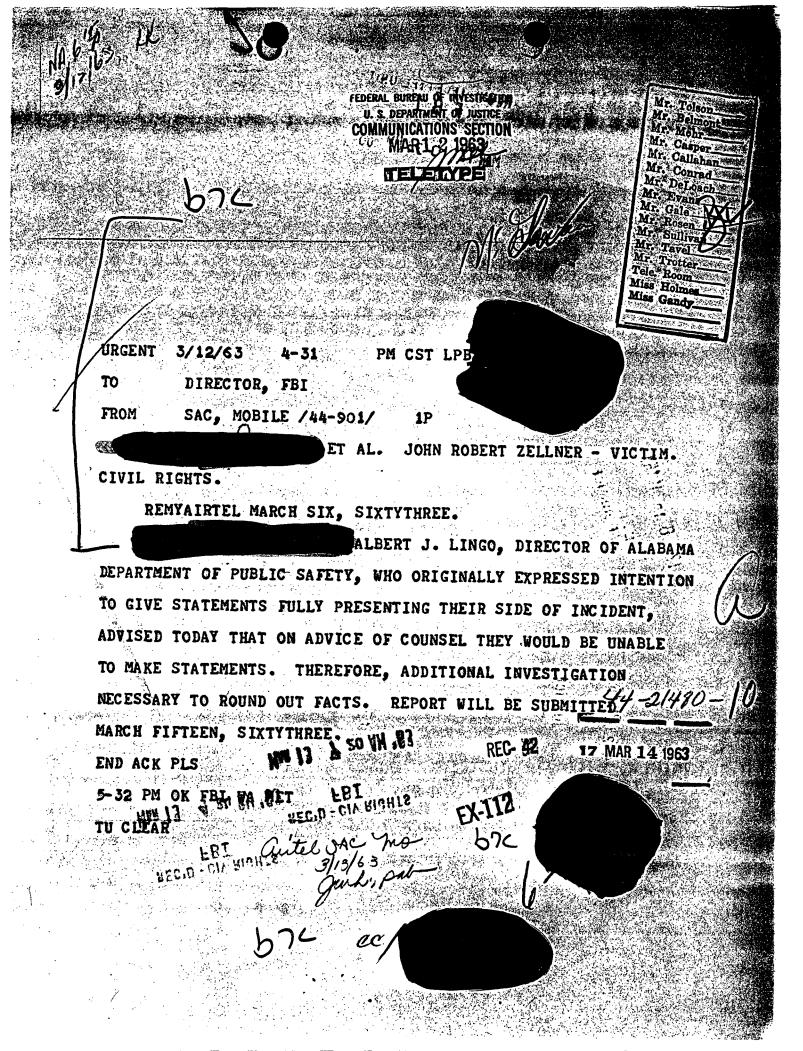
Above request was made orally by Mr. John Murphy of the Civil Rights Division who eques bed that he be furnished the information today APPROVED BY

A S. DEPT OF JUSTICE

VIA RADIOGRAM 0 03 VH 123

FEB 13 1963

1:584 M SHOULD ESLIEVLINE



3/13/63

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Beln

Trotter le. Roor (44-901)

RFC- 42 (44-21480)

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See The Victim

CIVIL RIGHTS

It is noted that in referenced teletype you state that it is necessary at this time to conduct additional investigation in order to round out the facts.

By Bureau airtel of 2/26/63 you were instructed to initiate a preliminary investigation after completion of the false protense trial against Sollner and to submit a report seven days thereafter. By teletype 2/28/63 you stated that investigation would be instituted 3/1/63. By sirtel of 3/6/63 that due to the unavailability of subjects Lingo a report would not be submitted until 3/13/63 It would appear that at this point all of your investigation should have been completed with the exception of interview of Lingo.

Examine the handling of this matter and advise by return mail the nature of the investigation new being conducted and specifically the reasons why this investigation was not fully covered when the preliminary investigation was initiated. In the event was determine there is some unnecessed to the handling of this matter, submit appropriate explanations and recommendations. determine there is some unnecessary

JWH: pakyk 13 שרפ 53 MAR 1

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

UNITED STATES G

morandum

DIRECTOR, FBI (44-21480)

SAC, MOBILE (44-901)

SUBJECT:

VICTIM JUHN RUBERT Zammyan CIVIL RIGHTS

ReBuAirtel dated 3/13/63.

I have personally supervised this case on a daily basis since investigation was instituted on 3/1/63. On that date I advised Senior Resident Agent Montgomery, Ala. that the case was assigned to him; that he was to take an experienced Agent with him and handle the case as a special. On 3/1/63 he advised Governor GEORGE WALLACE and ALBERT LINGO, Director, Alabama Department of Public Safety, of the initiation of this investigation. On that date he also located, after some difficulty, JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER and inter-viewed him at length. 3/1/63 was a Friday On Monday, 3/4/63, efforts were made to contact who was out of Montgomery on another assignment. Records were checked on 3/4/63 at the City Jail, County Jail, City Court and Montgomery Circuit Court. Also, discreet check was made of records of the U.S. Clerk of Court since ZELLNER had indicated during his interview on 3/1/63 that he had filed a petition in Federal Court It was subsequently determined that the petition to which he was referring had to do with the check case which he was attempt ing to have transferred from Circuit Court to Federal Court Since the Department's request did not include investigation of this check charge, we did not pursue that aspect. On Tuesday, 3/5/63, I instructed SA good to the newspaper. morgue and discreetly review all or the newspaper stories on the Zellner case since we were still not sure who the subjects were and it was felt that some detail might be obtained which would be helpful in this regard on the same date efforts were again made to locate ind he was still out of town.

On 3/6/63 SA returned to Montgomery, after discussing the reason for the interview with him, who is a National Academy man and very cordial, said ne commendate to the terrestation Liwe first talked to ALBERT LINGO. he had no objection to givens also the facts on the cas

Bureau - / ec CRTa 08 Mobile 1 - Mobile 5 SWAK 22 1963 ERT: Amd

he thought LINGO should be interviewed first. immediately attempted to locate LINGO but again found he was out of town inspecting the various highway patrol facilities He was expected to return on 3/7/63. SA attempted to locate LINGO on 3/7/63 and found that he had proceeded to Northern Alabama in connection with a series of tornadoes in that area. LINGO was still out of town on 3/8/63. On Monday 3/11/63, I personally went to Montgomery with the intention of discussing the case with SA and finding out how we could expedite the interviews with LINGO LINGO had returned to Montgomery over the weekend and we rinally reached him on 3/11/63. He told SA that he would give a statement; that he had nothing to hide and that he was happy at the opportunity to present his side of the story. He said, however, just to be certain he would check with his attorney inasmuch as the state case against ZELLNER on the check charge was still pend-He said he would talk to his attorney that evening and contact us the first thing Tuesday morning, 3/12/63. On Tuesday morning, 3/12/63, LINGO contacted us and said his attorney told him to make no statement whatsoever. Thereafter we immediately contacted said that while he was willing to discuss everything with us, he felt he had to follow LINGO's lead and, therefore, he declined to furnish any statement. At this point I again discussed the case with and felt that we did not have sufficient facts to out the complaint Tinatructed SA to contact and see if he would give us addition al facts so that we would have more of a complete picture. On 3/12/63 was contacted and was perfectly willing to furnish information available to him on the case since he had been directly involved in it, and I felt then that we had sufficiently developed the necessary information consistent with a preliminary type inquiry. Report was dictated on dicta belts on 3/13/63 in Montgomery, received at Mobile on 3/14/63 and left Mobile on 3/15/63. In addition to the above facts it was necessary to obtain the opinion of the U.S. Attorney, MDA, as to the merits of this case, and Mr. BEN HARDEMAN, USA, was not available on 3/12/63, but was on 3/13/63.

There was no unnecessary delay in handling this matter. LINGO's unavailability due to the nature of his new assignment as Director of the Department of Public Safety, and

the emergency weather circumstances contributed to difficulty in contacting him. I personally instructed SACCE at the very beginning of this case to talk with me about what he had done each day and no day passed without my knowing what he was doing on this case. Every effort was made to handle this case in accordance with Bureau instructions for promptness and thoroughness, and I feel that such was accomplished in this matter.

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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### ADMINISTRATIVE:

It was impossible to obtain a copy of any record of ZELLNER's arrest on conspiracy. It will be noted from the details hereof that although told he was arrested for conspiracy, no warrant was issued against him on that charge. Inquiry at the County Jail indicates that he was never booked and all necessary information relative to his arrest and subsequently being charged and convicted of vagrancy are reflected in the details.

### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1- United States Attorney, Montgomery, Alabama

Report of: SA

March 15, 1963

MOBILE Office:

Field Office File No.: 44-901

44-21480 Bureau File No.:

Title:

Investigative and rdentification Division, Alabama Department of Public Safety, Montgomery, Alabama; ALBERT J. LINGO, Director, Alabama Department of Public Safety, Montgomery, Alabama; Character: JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER - VICTIM

### CIVIL RIGHTS

Synopsis:

Victim, Montgomery, Ala., alleges armested 1/8/63 by subject LINGO accompanied by subject Huntingdon College campus, Montgomery, Ala., on business for his employer, Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee; at time of arrest was told he was charged with conspiracy against State of Alabama, but no warrant shown. Later same date was charged with vagrancy and held under \$1,000 bond on orders of Deputy Circuit Solicitor MAURY SMITH; was placed in Montgomery City Jail and was released on \$300 bond after being found guilty of vagrancy in Recorders Court and appealing to Circuit Court 1/10/63; states vagrancy charge subsequently dismissed. Montgomery County Jail records do not reflect booking of ZELLNER except on false pretense charge 1/23/63 after being bound over from Recorders Court; was released same date on \$500 bond. Montgomery City Jail records reflect ZELLNER booked 12:10 a.m., 1/9/63, on vagrancy charge, arresting officer Lt. J.D. SHOWS, marked "\$1,000 bond on order of Solicitor". Released 10:40 a.m., 1/10/63, on \$400 appeal bond; also booked Montgomery City Jail 10:15 a.m., 1/10/63 on false pretense charge; released 10:40 a.m. same date on \$500 bond. Montgomery City Recorders Court records reflect victim found guilty on vagrancy charge 1/9/63 and was sentenced on 1/10/63 to 30 days hard labor; appealed to Circuit Court and bond of \$300 set. Records of Montgomery Circuit Court Clerk reflect vagrancy charge against victim appealed from Recorders Court dismissed by Circuit Court 2/12/63 on motion of City Prosecutor. Subjects

b7C MO 44-901

LINGO declined to make statement on advice of actorney. Montgomery, Ala., advised was contacted by State authorities a few days before the 1963 inauguration of the Governor of Alabama who told him they had received confidential information that ZELLNER had come to Montgomery to organize demonstrations to be made during the inaugural parade and had organized demonstrators at Alabama State College and placards to be used during the demonstration had been prepared on the college State authorities expressed concern that violence and rioting would result if such demonstrations took place. He states he explained state laws on conspiracy to these authorities; states later received call from these authorities stating ZELLNER had just been arrested on Huntingdon College campus after they received call from informant that ZELLNER was on Huntingdon College campus and, due to student resentment toward him, there might be trouble on the campus. He was told subject arrested on conspiracy charge. After conferring with these authorities he questioned strength of a conspiracy charge and attempted to persuade college authorities to sign trespassing after warning warrant against ZELLNER, however college official declined, stating college would not want publicity which would attend this action. States after questioning ZELLNER in the presence of his attorney CLIFFORD DURR that same night, during which questioning ZELINER refused to advise why he was in Montgomery who he worked for and where he was staying, he ordered

The state of the s

Montgomery PD, who was present to sign a vagrancy warrant against ZELLNER, which was done; states this vagrancy charge was later dismissed at the request of the City Prosecutor after ZELLNER testified in City Recorders Court as to his employment and purpose of his being in Montgomery. USA, Montgomery, states in his opinion case without prosecutive merit and feels no further investi-

gation should be conducted.

-C-

**ENCLOSURES:** 

### TO UNITED STATES ATTORNEY, MONTGOMERY

One (1) copy of petition filed on behalf of ZELINER in United States District Court, Middle District of Alabama, February 26, 1963. One (1) copy of order of Fifth U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals Judge RICHARD T. RIVES, February 26, 1963.

#### DETAILS:

This investigation is predicated upon receipt from the Bureau under date of February 26, 1963 of information that the Department of Justice advised on February 26, 1963 that they had received a complaint concerning the arrest of JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER on or about January 8. ZELLNER at 1963 the time of his arrest on a charge of conspiracy was on the campus of Huntingdon College. The arrest was based on ZELLNER's efforts to organize demonstrations on the Subsequent to his arrest and while in custody, campus. the charge was changed to vagrancy and he was convicted on this charge. Conviction was appealed to the Circuit Court, Montgomery, Alabama, and the vagrancy charge was dismissed on February 12, 1963. The Department requested that a preliminary investigation be conducted into the initial arrest of ZELLNER on the charges of conspiracy. the subsequent changing of the charges to vagrancy upon which he was convicted and the subsequent dismissal of the charges by the Circuit Court.

This is a preliminary investigation.

AT MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA

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Date March 7, 1963

of and in the presence of At the beginning of this interview presented interviewing Agents with a sheet paper containing the fellowing statement: b7C b7D "This the first day of March, 1963. furnished the following information: approximate the second of the On Montgor

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.





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# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Section 5	55 <u>2</u>	Section 552a
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The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 44 - 21480 - 12

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With DURR mas not made avaluable to the Agents who interviewed any additional supplementary information furnished to him by

On March 4, 1963

Of United States District Court for the Middle.

District of Alabama, made available copies of the petition filed February 26, 1963 on behalf of JOHN ROBERT ZEILNER. Plaintiff It is noted that this petition for a restraining order was accompanied by affidavits by ZELLNER and by CLIFFORD J. DURK. The order of Judge FRANK M. JOHNSON, JR. is handwritten at the end of the petition.

advised that that part of the petition asking for a permanent restraining order is still pending before Judge JOHNSON.

also made available copies of an order of Firth Circuit Court of Appeals Judge RICHARD T. RIVES which was filed on February 26, 1963.

Copies of the petition accompanied by the affidavits of ZELLNER and DURR and of the order of Judge RIVES are accompanying this report.

On March 4, 1967 made available the jail docket at the Montgomery, Alabama, City Jail. Docket No. 2598 reflected that ROBERT ZELINER was booked at 12:10 a.m., January 9, 1963, with Lieutenant J. D. SHOWS shown as the arresting officer. The arrest was on vagrancy charge and there was a notation "\$1,000 bond order of solicitor". The docket reflected ZELINER went to court on January 9, 1963 and again on January 10, 1963, on the later date being sentenced to thirty days hard labor. Docket reflects he was released at 10:40 a.m. January 10, 1963.

Docket No. 2624 reflects ROBERT ZELINER was booked on a false pretense charge at 10:15 a.m., January 10, 1963, on a warrant and the arresting officer shown as Lieutenant J. D. SHOWS. The docket reflects ZELINER's release at 10:30 a.m., January 10, 1963, on this charge under \$500 bond.

On March 4, 1963

Montgomery County Jail! advised that the only entry in his book for ROBERT ZEILNER is under date of January 23, 1963 when he was booked on a false pretenses charge after being bound over from City Recorders Court. He stated his book reflects ZEILNER was released under \$500 bond on that same date. A check of the County Jail docket book failed to reflect an arrest or booking entry for ZEILNER on January 8, 1963.

Die advised that he recalls being told that ZEILNER was brought to the County Jail and held briefly one night while being investigated and was removed on that same hight to the City Jail.

On March 4, 1963

City Recorders Court, made available Docket No. 70847. A review of this docket reflects that ROBERT ZELLNER, Atlanta, Georgia, arrested 12:10 a.m. that same date by Lieutenant J. D. SHOWS on a vagrancy charge was tried in City Recorders Court. This docket reflects that on January 10, 1963

ZELLNER was sentenced to thirty days hard labor and was released on that same date under \$300 cash bond after an appeal to Montgomery Circuit Court had been filed.

docket of a conspiracy charge against ZELINER.

On March 4, 1963
Circuit Court, made available Docket No. 200 pertaining to ROBERT ZELLNER. A review of this docket reflected that on February 12, 1963 a case of vagrancy against ZELLNER which had been appealed to Circuit Court after ZELLNER was found guilty in City Recorders Court, and sentenced to thirty days hard labor, was dismissed by Circuit Judge EUGENE CARTER on a motion of the City Attorney.

advised that there is no entry in his docket book reflecting a conspiracy charge against ZELLNER.

A by-line article appearing in the Alabama Journal, a daily Montgomery newspaper, of January 9, 1963 written by staff writers GENE KOVARIK and DAVE CHESNUTT, stated in part that "testimony in City Court today revealed the incoming Director of the Department of Public Safety, who doesn't take office until Monday, participated in the arrest without a warrant of a pro-integration leader Tuesday night on the Huntingdon College campus. JOHN ROBERT

ZELLNER, 23 year old Field Secretary of the Student Non-violent Coordinating Committee, was found guilty of vagrancy and Judge EUGENE LOE ordered him held in City Jail without bond until sentencing Thursday in Recorders Court at 8:30 a.m.

"State Investigator WILLIE B. PAINTER told the court that AL LINGO, incoming Director of Public Safety, asked to be in on the arrest 'in the best interest of the state'. The Journal has learned from reliable sources that LINGO went to State Investigators yesterday and asked that action be taken against ZELLNER.

"The State Investigator testified that ZELLNER was picked up and charged after confidential information was received that he was here in the city to organize demonstrations on inauguration day, Monday.

"ZELINER was arrested on Huntingdon campus about 7:30 p.m., PAINTER explained, and was first told that the charge was 'conspiracy'. He pointed out that the charge was later changed to vagrancy upon the recommendation of Assistant Solicitor MAURY SMITH several hours later at the Montgomery County Jail.

"Under cross examination by CLIFFORD DURR, attorney for ZELLNER, PAINTER admitted there wasn't a warrant when the defendant was arrested. The warrant was later signed by Detective Lieutenant JACK SHOWS of the local police.

"PAINTER said LINGO suggested to go along in the arrest in the best interest of the state to 'prevent violence' after a confidential source said ZELLNER, a former Huntingdon student, was here to organize demonstrations for the inauguration.

"LOE overruled a motion by DURR who sought to find out the identity of the informant.

"ZELLNER declined to testify and the City Judge ordered him held without bond over his attorney's protest. Bond was set at \$1,000 when he was arrested last night."

The article continued "PAINTER earlier in the hearing said three people were present at the time of the arrest. They were LINGO, a person named JOHN HILL and

another named SAM SHIRAH, JR.

"SHIRAH was present at today's hearing and offered some testimony before he invoked the Fifth Amendment upon the advice of DURR.

"He was called as a prosecution witness by SMITH who informed the court that SHIRAH would probably be a hostile witness. SHIRAH, of DeFuniak Springs, Florida, admitted, under questioning of SMITH, that he was a former student at Huntingdon and left the college upon the request of college officials.

"The former Huntingdon student said that he knew of DURR."

"He invoked the Fifth Amendment after SMITH asked the question: 'Did you and Mr. ZELLNER draw up plans for demonstration in Montgomery?'.

"However in an interview with the Journal earlier this morning SHIRAH revealed the events leading to ZELLNER's arrest.

"He said he and ZELLNER had been invited by some friends to visit them and have supper with them in the college dining hall.

"After supper SHIRAH said he and ZELLNER were in front of the Student Center when they noticed two men sitting in a car.

"As ZELLNER walked past the car, SHIRAH said ZELLNER turned to him and said 'Well, there's PAINTER'. SHIRAH said the car followed them as they walked across the campus.

"When they were in front of one of the dormitories SHIRAH said the car drew up beside them and the thin man on the passenger seat called out to ZELLNER.

"The man got out of the car, came over to BOB and started searching him. While he was doing this ZELLINER asked him if he were under arrest.

"The man answered yes and ZELLNER asked on what



charges. The man said conspiracy.

"SHIRAH said the man put ZELINER in the back seat of the car and after some discussion about ZELINER's car the two men drove off with ZELINER."

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your agency: it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency Date dictated 3/12/63



Date \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_ March 15, 1963

ALBERT J. LINGO, Director, Alabama Department of Public Safety, was advised that he did not have to make that hav statement he made could be used against him in a court of law, and that he had a right to compult an attorney if he so desired.

Limio advised that he had no hesitancy whatever in making a statement conserving his knowledge of the arrest of ZKLIMER, however since the case against ZKLIMER is still pending in Montgomery Gircuit Court, he felt it advisable to consult his attorney before making any statement, in order to determine just how detailled his statement should be.

The following description of ALBERT J. LINGO was obtained through interview and observation:

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FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-80)



Date March 15, 1963

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ALBERT J. LINGO, Director, Alabama Department of Public Safety, advised that his attorney had advised him to make no statement whatever in commestion with his knowledge of the arrest of ZELINER, therefore, he would be forced to decline to make any statement:

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#FD=3021(ROV#15/25/20)



# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGE ON

Date to the late t

Identification Regulos, Alasma Department of Public Safety advised that in view of the advice given to his superior. Director of Department of Public Safety Alasma J. Limbo, that he should make no Statement Whatever concerning his knowledge of the arrest of ZELLHER, he would have to decline to make any Statements in this regard.

On 3/12/63 at **Hombsonery**, Alabama File # **NO A4\_00**by SA Date dictated 3/13/63

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The same of the sa

Date \_ March 15, 1963

1

Montgomery County, Alabama, furnished the following infor-

A few days before the 1963 inauguration of Governor of Alabama, state authorities, when he declined to name, that to him and advised him they had received confidential information, the source of the following declined to name, that ROBERT ZELLMER had come to Montgomery, Alabama for the purpose of organizing demonstrations to be made during the inaugural parade. These authorities had further evidence that ZELLMER had been to Alabama State College, which he described as a Negro school, and had organized demonstrators as well as having assisted in the preparation of placards which were to be used during the demonstrations.

These state authorities expressed grave concern that if such demonstration by Negroes and white persons occurred during the inaugural parade or other inaugural elements that violence and rioting would occur toward the demonstrators.

explained to these state authorities the state laws on conspiracy with the thought in mind that a violation of the conspiracy laws might occur on the part of ZELLMER and others.

received a telephone call from one of the authorities with whom he consulted, the call being received at approximately 8:30 p.m. at his home, stating that ZKLIMER had been arrested on the Mintingdon College campus after a call had been received by the state authorities from an informant, who is a high official at Mintingdon College, advising them that ZKLIMER was on the campus, and in view of the student resemblent toward him, the informant feared there might be traible on the campus. The informant resembles the campus and the feared there might be traible on the campus.

On 3/12/6	at Montgomery,		File # <b>NO</b>	44-901	
by SA		/100	Date_dictated _	3/13/63	

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NO 44-901

AL

went to the Montgomery County Sheriff's Office and conferred with the state authorities. During this time he learned that ZELLNER had thrown his wallet out of the car window on the campus after his arrest, but the wallet had been found by a student who turned it in to an official of the college, who in turn, called the authorities and reported this find.

charge against ZELLMER and believing that the charge of trespass after warning would be a more suitable charge, he called an official of Huntingdon College, whom he declined to name, and attempted to persuade him to some down and sign a trespassing after warning warrant against ZELLMER. This official declined to sign a warrant, stating that the college would not want the publicity which would attend such an action.

Thereafter, in an effort to determine what a proper charge, if any, would be against ZELIMER, he decided to talk to ZELIMER to determine exactly his reasons for being in Montgomery and to determine if there were any extenuating circumstances.

He had ZELLNER brought to him and told him he wanted to ask him some questions. ZELLNER stated he did not want to say anything unless his attorney, CLIFFORD DURK were present.

DURR was then called and came to the Sheriff's Office and had a conference with ZELIMER.

Thereafter, in the presence of DURR, asked ZELLNER his name. ZELLNER stated at first that he refused to answer that question on the grounds it might incriminate him. Said to DURR "You mean you will not let your client give his name?" DURR then advised ZELLNER to furnish his name, which was done. Then asked ZELLNER for whom he worked and ZELLNER refused to answer this question. Then asked ZELLNER what he was doing in Management and ZELLNER refused to answer this question. Then asked ZELLNER where he was staying in Montgomery and ZELLNER refused to answer this question.

SMITH them asked DURR if he concurred with ZELLNER in these requisals to enswer his questions and DURR stated that he did:

vagrancy had been established as a result of ZELLNER re-

PATTERSON had issued this order that Reace Investigators should not sign the warrant.

This was done.

When this vagrancy case was heard in City Resorders Court ZKLINKR did not testify and was found guilty and sentenced to thirty days hard labor which sentence ZKLINKR appealed.

When the contents of ZELINER's wallet were examined it was learned that he had purchased a camera from the City Pawn Shop in Montgomery on the same day he was arrested. Subsequent investigation revealed that ZELINER had issued an insufficient funds check for this camera.

to see ZELLMER's bank account status before proceeding against ZELLMER on a false pretense charge. DURR had ZELLMER make available records of his bank account and a review of these records reflected ZELLMER had had a very small balance in an Atlanta bank over a period of two months and showed five service charges in one month, which to indicated a pattern of writing insufficient funds checks. At this time he offered to DURR to allow ZELLMER to plead guilty and take a \$100 fine and a suspended sentence on either of the charges and that he would drop the other. He told DURR that he wanted to be fair to ZELLMER and he felt that ZELLMER would be unable to get a fair trial in Montgomery County because of his record of integration activities.

DURR told him he would confer with his client

and later advised that ZELINER stated he would not compromise on either case.

Montgomery on the false pretense charge, ZELIMER testified that he was employed by the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee and that he was in Montgomery on business for his employer. In view of the establishment of ZELIMER's employment and his reason for being in Montgomery, City Prosecutor DAVE CROSIAND subsequently requested the Montgomery Circuit Court to nolle pross the vagrancy charge which was done.

of any of the actions above described. He advised that the trial of ZKLINKR in Montgomery Circuit Court on false pretense charges ended in a mistrial on February 28, 1963 due to the fact that the jury could not arrive at a verdict.

stated that he made an offer subsequent to the trial to ZKILNER's attorney that he would accept a plea of guilty with a \$100 fine at any time and ZKILNER's attorney stated that he would consider this offer.

advised that unless ZRIJNER pleads guilty before the May, 1963 term of court, he will again be tried in Montgomery Circuit Court on a charge of false pretenses.

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On March 13, 1963 the facts of this case were discussed with United States Attorney BEN HARDEMAN. Mr. HARDEMAN advised that he does not think the civil rights case has prosecutive merit and feels that no further investigation should be conducted. Mr. HARDEMAN stated however that if the Department of Justice feels that further investigation is advisable in his opinion it would be in the best interests of the government and of ZELINER to wait until the state charges against ZELINER are disposed of before any additional investigation is conducted.

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	FBI Date: 3,	(20/63
Transmit the following in	Banteut (2000) (1900) (Type in plain text of )	
FROM :	Director, FBI (44-21480) SAC, Mobile (44-901)	
514 SUBJECT:	Division, Alabama Department Safety, Montgomery ALBERT J. LINGO, Director Alabama Department of Pub Safety, Montgomery, Ala.: JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER - VICTOR	nent of , Ala.; olic
	Re Mobile letter 3/15/63.	
	Enclosed herewith is lett rticle in Montgomery Adver- u (Enc. 8) (RM)	
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# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. Mobile, Alabama March 20, 1963

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Investigative and Identification
Division, Alabama Department of
Public Safety, Montgomery,
Alabama;
ALBERT J. LINGO, Director,
Alabama Department of Public
Safety, Montgomery, Alabama;
JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER - VICTIM

The following information appeared in the Montgomery Advertiser, daily newspaper published at Montgomery, Alabama, for Saturday, March 16, 1963:

"A motion to dismiss an injunction request by integrationist Robert Zellner has been filed in U.S. District Court by Alabama Public Safety Director Al Lingo.

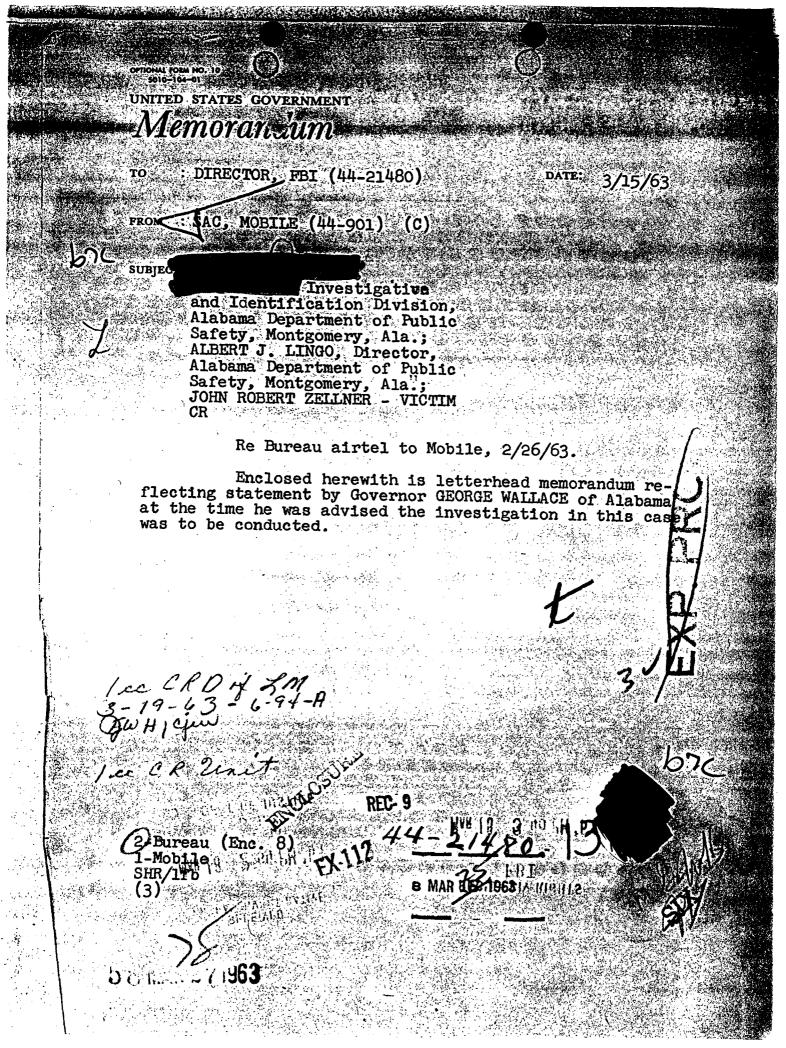
"Zellner's attorney had gone into federal court to ask that Lingo and his agents be enjoined from the harassement and intimidation Zellner said he had been subjected to.

"He has also sought to have the court take over a fraudulent pretense case against Zellner, but both District Judge Frank M. Johnson, Jr., and Circuit Judge Richard T. Rives declined.

"Zellner had charged constant surveillance by Lingo's agents, who he said even stood watch at the funeral of his grandmother. According to Zellner, it was Lingo who arrested him here on the Huntingdon College Campus.

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"After Zellner was arrested, he was first charged with vagrancy, but this charge was dropped by the city when





## ITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. Mobile, Alabama March 15, 1963

and Identification Division, Alabama Department of Public Safety, Montgomery, Alabama; ALBERT J. LINGO, Director, Alabama Department of Public Safety, Montgomery, Alabama; JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER - VICTIM

In view of the fact that employees of the state of Alabama were involved as subjects in this investigation, Governor GEORGE WALLACE of Alabama was contacted at his office in the State Capitol building in Montgomery. Alabama on March 1. 1963 by Special Agents and was advised that a preliminary investigation was been conducted in this case.

Governor WALLACE volunteered the following statement. When he learned from Mr. LINGO that ZELINER was trying to organize Negroes to demonstrate during his inaugural parade, he became deeply concerned, as he realized that such a demonstration in the presence of the many thousands of people who would attend the inaugural ceremonies would undoubtedly provoke many "hotheads" in the crowd to violence and there would be rioting and bloodshed, with many persons injured or killed. He told LINGO that if these demonstrations could not be prevented, he would call off his inaugural parade.

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## WILLIE B. PAINTER

he appealed a Recorder's Court conviction to Circuit Court.

"A false pretense charge was then brought against the youthful integration leader. The case ended in a mistrial in Circuit Court. Zellner was charged with buying a camera at a local pawnshop when he knew the check was not covered by sufficient funds.

"Lingo sought to have the federal court throw out the case on the grounds that it did not have jurisdiction over the investigative function of a state agency enforcing the laws of Alabama.

"A second motion filed by Lingo's attorneys, John Kohn and Hugh Maddox, asked that 'unduly prolix' paragraphs be stricken from Zellner's complaint.

"Special exception was taken to the charge that Zellner was harassed by 'tormentors' which was termed 'impertient and scandalous' by Lingo's lawyers.

"A third motion asked by Zellner be represented by an attorney in the federal court district. This was based on a rule promulgated by Johnson in 1961, when he specified that local attorneys should be represented on either side in civil rights cases.

"Zellner's attorney is Charles Morgan of Birmingham.

"A fourth motion asked that Zellner post a bond to cover court costs, since he is a Georgia resident."

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3-27-63 Airtel MC. Mobile (44-901) Tol (44-21489) -The Marie and State of the Stat CIVIL RIGHTS Rorop SA dated 3-15-63 at Mobile. Enclosed herewith are two copies of a memorandum from the Department requesting additional investigation in this matter. Handle the requested interviews addising persons interviewed that the investigation is being conducted at the request of Mr. Burke Mayeball, Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division, Department of Justice. Agents conducting the interviews should thoroughly familiarise themselves with the Ellegations set forth in the complaint of Kellmar v. Thotford, et al., of which your office has a copy in order that the interviews will be complete, and in accordance with Department's request. Surep within three days of receipt of this sirtel metting forth results of the interviews and indicating in the report that it is a limited investigation. Inclosures (1) JWH: cac Tolson SEE NOTE PAGE TWO Belmont . Mohr . Casper Callahan Conrad DeLoach Evans Gale Rosen Sullivan Tavel Trotter Tele. Room Holmes Gandy MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

NOTE:

At request of the Department we previously conducted a preliminary investigation into the arrest of Zellner 1-8-63 in Huntingdon College campus by subjects Painter and Al Lingo, Alabama Public Safety Director for conspiracy. He was subsequently charged with vagrancy, tried, convicted, and on appeal conviction, was dismissed. Investigation conducted reflects that Mann, who was at the time of Zellner's arrest the Alabama Public Safety Commissioner, and the arrest which was then made by Painter and Lingo on instructions of Governor Wallace. The Department requests interview of the Belaher's allegations in civil action to enjoin Alabama authorities from intexferring with his activities. These allegations specifically concern his arrest and subsequent handling.

- 2 -



### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

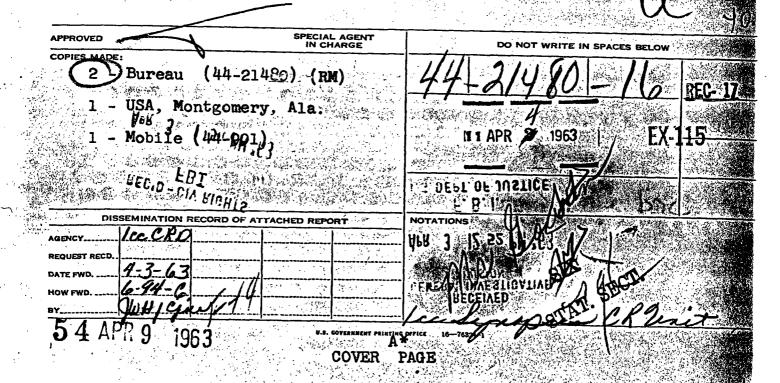
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# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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REPORTING OFFICE OF ORIGIN MOBILE MOBILE	DATE INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 3/29 - 4/1/63
IIILE OF CASE  ET AL  JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER - VICTIM	SA S
JUAN RUBERT ZELLINER - VICTIM	CHARACTER OF CASE

REFERENCE: Bureau airtel to Mobile dated 3/27/63.

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# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 - U. S. Attorney, Montgomery, Ala.

Report of:

Date: April 1, 1963 .....

Field Office File No. 44-901

Bureau File No.: ar at the training

office: MOBILE

**38** 经:沙尔 Title:

P AL JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER - VICTIM

Character:

CIVIL RIGHTS

Statement of

Montgomery Ala declined to furnish statement. West Point, Ga., set forth.

### DETAILS:

Under date of March 27, 1963, the Bureau forwarded a memo to the Director from Mr. BURKE MARSHALL, Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division, dated March 25, 1963, which contained the following request for investigation:

"Please interview concerning each of the allegations contained in the complaint in Civil Action Number 1896-N, ZELLNER v. THETFORD, etal. in which their names are mentioned".

This is a limited investigation.

The following investigation was conducted a Montgomery Alabama by SA

After

was advised by interviewing agents of the nature
of the information desired from him,
the agents to
and
the agents conferred with
stated that it would be necessary for him to discuss
the matter with

Subsequently on the same date contacted the agents and advised that advised as follows:

"The defendant, Mr. AL LINGO, Director, Director of Public Safety of the State of Alabama, delivered a summons and complaint in the case of ROBERT ZELLNER, Plaintiff v. WILLIAM F. THETFORD, etal, Defendants, to the Attorney General's Office shortly after service thereof upon him. Thereafter his personal counsel requested the Attorney General's Office to appear for the above named defendant public officer. The Attorney General and Assistant Attorney General GORDON MADISON, Senior Trial Lawyer on the Attorney General's Staff, thereafter joined with Mr. LINGO's personal counsel in filing certain motions in the case on Mr. LINGO's behalf. One of the mentioned motions was to dismiss. motion was granted on March 21, 1963, and the case dismissed without prejudice, however, to the plaintiff filing an amended complaint conforming to federal rules of civil procedure within twenty days. Plaintiff has now asked for additional time in which to refile a complaint.

By coincidence, who is referred to in certain paragraphs of the original complaint in this case, presently is serving as and is assigned to the The Civil Division of the Attorney General's Office is in charge of that office's participation in defense of this case. was serving as was assigned to the Civil Division of that office prior to the filing of the above mentioned suit in United States District Court.

Prior to his appointment as served as to Governor JOHN PATTERSON.

Noting circumstances mentioned, the Alabama
Attorney General's Office does not deem it advisable for
to make a statement at this time."

advised agents that he was unable to furnish any information in view of the decision of the Attorney General, RICHMOND FLOWERS.

-Dato 3.72/61

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arter being acylsed of the nature of the investigation. At the completion of the statement advised that he preferred not to sign it but that the statement information related was true. This statement is quoted below.

West Policy worgle

the nature of the investigation, voluntarily furnish the following statement to who I know to be Special Agents with the reserval Sureau of Investigation.

"I am 42 years of age and was born in Daviston, Alabama, My residence is

On January 8 1963 I was

"I was at the state capitol listening to Governor Patterson's farewell address to the legislature. Around 4:30 or 5:00 P.M. that day I returned to my office. Al Lingo, incoming Director of Public Safety for the George Wallace administration was waiting in my office.

Lings asked me if I had heard that Robert Zellner was in town. I told him that I knew this. Lings them asked me if I would give him permission to have Zellner arrested. I told him that he did not need my permission to have anyone arrested who had violated the law.

"I then suggested that we have a cup of coffee so we drove in my car to the Elite Cafe in downtown

On	3/30/63	West Point,	Georgia	File #	44-901	
hv	SA			Date dictat		
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HO 44-901

Montgomery, Alabams. After ordering coffee I told, Lingo that I was not trying to run his business but if I were him I would not be 'stampeded' into make arresting someone at this time unless on good legal ground, because a person like this could cause a lot of trouble because of expert legal counsel behind him:

"Lingo showed me a snapshot of a negro girl which had the following quotation on the back: 'It is better to have loved and lost than to have never loved at all! I got the impression in talking to Lingo that this picture had been taken from the person of Zellner when he was arrested in the past at Talledega, Alabama.

Department of Public Safety, from some confidential source, showing why Zellner was in Montgomery, Alabama. To the best of my recollection this memorandum stated that Zellner was in Montgomery for the purpose of organizing some type of demonstration during the Wallace inauguration.

"Lingo told me that he had to arrest Zellner because George Wallace wanted him arrested. I asked him who would sign the warrant.

"Lingo told me that there had been a meeting that afternoon in the Department of Public Safety Bullding while I was at the capitol, and they had discussed the matter concerning the arrest of Zellner. Lingo told me that

Montgomery County agreed to Issue the

"Regarding complaint #17 in Civil Action #1896-N I said nothing to Lingo or anyone clae concerning." that statement.

"Around 6 P.M. that same day we left the Elite Cafe and I drove Lingo to his residence. I then drove on home. After I got home I began to think

And the second s

NO 44-901

about what Lingo had told me about the warrant then called the hat he had just left the house. It called the District Alabama Migumay Patrol Office in an effort to reach by radio. They were unable to make contact with him. I left instructions for them to keep trying to locate and to notify me when he was located. The purpose of my trying to locate was he to arrest Zellner without a warrant.

telephoned me later that evening at my home. He was calling from the Montgomery County Jail. I told him of the purpose of my trying to reach him. I told me that Zellner had already been arrested on the campus of Muntingdon College. I asked him who had signed the warrant. I asked him, what about the warrant? I asked him, warrant. I asked him warrant. I asked him what Zellner had been arrested for. He told me, 'Conspiracy'. I asked if he could conscientiously sign a warrant answered that he could not. I then told to let anyone at the county jail talk him into signing a warrant.

"After I finished talking I telephoned Governor Patterson and related what had happened and what I had told The Governor agreed that no warrant should be signed unless could conscientiously do so.

"I then drove to the Montgomery County Jail and picked up in front of the building and we went to the Governor's Mansion.

Governor Patterson's was then with the Governor. The four of us conferred about Zellner's arrest. On the basis of what told us, we will agreed that there was no legal basis for to sign a warrant.

"We were at the Governor's Mansion about thirty minutes then the minutes then the stand I went to the

# #4-901

Montgomery County Jail. Al Lingo and were there when we arrived.

The only thing that lings said to me at this time was that he (Lingo) had permission to arrest Zellner. I told kings that he had my permission to arrest Zellner only with a warrent that was suppose to have issued that day. Lingo told me that had told him that afternoon that a warrant would be issued that afternoon, however, he was wondering why one hadn't been issued. I told Lingo that a marrant had not been issued and that could not conscientiously sign one. To the best of my recollection told that unless Zellner had committed a crime, no one in the Department of Public Safety could swear out a warrant against him.

"In addition!

Zellner and his accorney were present at the County Jail. There were also some newspaper men.

"Before leaving the jail, talked to Zellner in the presence of his attorney and asked him several questions which he refused to answer under advice of his attorney. Then ordered Policeman Shows to take Zellner to the city jail and charge him with vagrancy."

Airtela (1977) SO - //
REC-64
Sol SAC, Batalo
Front Bircotor, Tax

River of SA

dated 4/1/83 at

5/34/63

Enclosed berevith are two copies of a self-explanatory memo from the Department requesting additional investigation in this matter.

Handle the Department's request making certain that each point set forth in the Department's name is fully covered. Make certain that persons interviewed are advised that the investigation is being conducted at the request of Mr. Burks Machall, Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division, U.S. Department of Justice.

Surep within five days receipt of this mirtel setting forth results and indicate in the report that it is a limited investigation,

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#### MITE!

At the request of the Department, we previously conducted a PI into the arrest of Kellper 1/8/63, on Muntingdon College Campus by subjects Al Lingo for conspiracy. The arrest was made at the direction of Governor Vallace several days prior to Lingo's assuming office as Public Safety Birectors of the State or Alabama. Seliner was subsequently charged with vagrancy, tried and convicted add in the appeal of the conviction the charge was dismissed. Before dismissal of the vagrancy charge Kellner was arrested on a false pretense charge, Birmingham, Alabama, which arose from his purchasing a camera from a pawn shop with check on a Atlanta bank. The false pretense charge was tried and ended in mistrial 2/28/63. All of our previous investigation has dealt primarily with the initial conspiracy and vagrancy charges placed against Zellner. Bepartment now requests we conduct limited investigation relating to the false pretense charges, Governor Wallace and Al Lingo have previously been advised of this investigationand in fact, Lingo has refused to be interviewed.





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# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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# UN FEDISTATES DEPARTMENT OF STORE

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Report of Alexander SAT

Office: MOBILE

Date: •5/29/63

Bureau File No.: 44-21480

Field Office File No.s 44-901

Title:

JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER - VICTIM

Character:

CIVIL RIGHTS

Synopsis:

Interviews with

CLIFFORD DURR

Montgomery, Ala., set forth. New trial for victim set for 7/63 term of Circuit Court in Montgomery Co.

- C -

#### DETAILS:

This investigation is predicated upon receipt from the Bureau under date of May 24, 1963, of a memorandum to the Director from Mr. BURKE MARSHALL, Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division, which contained the following request for investigation:

1.

Interview (see page 5 of report dated March 15; 1963), (see page 5 of report dated March 15; 1963),

MC

see page 8 of report dated

(see page 7 or report uated Clifford Durr (see page 6 of reports , 1963) concerning their knowledge

dated March 15, 1963) concerning their knowledge of the circumstances surrounding the arrest of and charges placed against victim;

2.

Identify and interview the pawnbroker who sold a camera to victim on January 8 concerning the "false pretense" charge which subsequently was placed

against victim. Ascertain especially whether the authorities first contacted him or whether he first contacted them relative to the charge; and

3. Ascertain whether any further action has been taken against victim on the false pretense charge which resulted in a mistrial on February 28, 1963.

This investigation is limited to the above request.

AT MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA

Voissonew, inc. Vey 28, 1963

make the following ree and voluntary statement to who have identified themselves as special agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI)

20 years old and my home address is

"On a Tuesday, I do not recall the date; six days prior to the inaugaration of the new Governor which was in January 1963, Bob Zellner and I were on the campus at Huntingdon College at the request of mutual friends. We ate dinner at the dining hall At about 6:45 PM we left the dining hall and went to the snack bar. At about 7:15 pm Zellner, and myself walked out of the Student Building. I noticed a car with the motor running and the head lights on as we walked by it going to Zellner's

"Zellner remarked 'there's to look back and saw that there were two men in the car. [I looked] The car starting following us as we walked across 7 the campus. The car stayed about 20 to 30 feet behind us until we reached Pratt Hall (Womens Dorm) The car pulled up beside us and the man in the passenger seat called to Zellner to come there. Zellner did not go to the car, but we all stopped walking.

"The man who had called to Zellner then got out of the car and grabbed Zellner and started searching him, patting him about the body.

At this time I recognized that the driver of got out of the car, and came around behind He called me by name and asked where Zellner's car was 1 gave him an evasive answer. He then by his first name, and asked where Zellnen's

car was. I told him he did not know.

then asked me where the keys were and I told him to ask Zellner.

"Zellner asked while he was being searched if he were under arrest. The man searching him, whom I now know to be Al Lingo, told Zellner he was, and Zellner asked as to the charge and the man said conspiracy.

"While was questioning us about the car and the keys, Zellner said he would not answer any questions until after he had consulted a lawyer.

"The man put Zellner in the back seat of the car and got in the front seat on the passenger side.

got in the car on the driver's side and drove away.

"As soon as I could I went to Clifford Durr's house where I had been staying as a visitor for several days. I told him what had happened and he called the county court house. He was told that Zellner was there but they would not tell him the charge. Mr. Durr told me this.

"About 11 pm Mr. Durr got a telephone call and then I went with him to the court house and sat in his car outside while he went in the court house. When Mr. Durr came out he drove to Huntingdon College and we found the keys to Zellner's car in street gutter at the scene of the arrest. I drove Zellner's car to Mr. Durr's house. Mr. Durr is a local attorney and resides in Montgomery."

"I have read this five page statment and it is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and recollection."

Special Agent, FBI, Mobile, Ala.

Special Agent, FBI, Mobile, Ala.

Ala.

Montgomery May 27, 1963

Montgomery, Ala furnish the following information identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

I first knew JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER in the Fall of 1959 while I was a Freshman at Huntingdon College at Montgomery, and he was a Junior at the same college.

א ע

"A few days prior to the inauguration of Governor GEORGE C. WALLACE, in January, 1963, told me in his office that BOB ZELLNER was in Montgomery, and that he thought that ZELLNER might attempt to visit the campus. On the occasion of BOB's last visit to the campus, which I believe was the Spring of 1962, a large group of students, male students, formed outside the dormitory where he was visiting, and appeared to be in an ugly mood. No acts of violence occurred, however

came to the dormitory and asked ZELLNER to leave, because they were afraid that violence might break out. In view of this, I asked what the position of the college would be if ZELLNER did attempt to visit the campus. He said that as long as ZLLLNER behaved himself, that he would be treated the same as any other alumnus of the college. that I would stay with ZELINER, I told while he was on the campus, and if it appeared that trouble might break out, that I would try to persuade ZELLNER to leave the campus

said that he had discussed this matter

discussing steps which might be taken to prevent any incident. I also talked and he told me that he had already talked to those students

whom he thought might try to cause trouble, and attempted to persuade them to ignore BOB's presence on the campus.

"When I returned to the dormitory at about 4:30 PM on that same day, ZELLNER outside the dormitory looking for me. We went off campus for coffee, and I asked BOB not to return to the campus anymore that day. I told him what had said about his status, but told him that I wanted to make certain preparations to insure that there would be no trouble.

"I didn't see ZELLNER again until the following day, shortly before 6 PM when I went to the dining hall for dinner. He was standing in the lobby of the dining hall with and some other students. ZELLNER three others and I had dinner together and the BOB, and I walked across the campus to the Student Center for coffee. Other students joined us from time to time, and at times the group numbered perhaps nine at the maximum.

"At the dining hall, various students would point at and look toward our table, indicating their awareness of ZELLNER's presence. At the Student Center, it was obvious that several were again aware of ZELLNER's presence. At neither place did I see anything or hear anything which would indicate that any trouble was about to break out.

"Sometime between 7 and 8 PM we left the Student Center, and walked back toward the Dining Hall where BOB had left his car. A car bearing Alabama State tags was parked in the parking lot of the Student Center, and BOB pointed the car out to me, and said that one of the two men in it was

I asked him which one was said that he was the one behind the wheel

"While we were walking along, I noticed that the State car was following slowly behind us. In

MO 44-901

front of Pratt-Hanson Hall, the car pulled alongside of us, and the man who was not driving called out something like 'Hold it, ZELLNER.' We stopped, and this man got out and frisked ZELLNER, and told him that he was under arrest. BOB asked him what the charge was, and this man replied 'Conspiracy.' Either or the other man asked what our names were, and we told them. One of the men put BOB in the back seat of their State car, and they drove away.

"I have read the above statement. It is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

"Witnesses:

Sp. Agt., FBI, Mobile, Ala.

Sp. Agt., F.BI., Mobile, Ala."

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Date In Sold of

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entronery, as well as

Governor stated the the Governor, had been receiving numerous calls that day asking if ZKLMER had been arrested by State Investigators. Madvised the Governor that ZKLZMER was not in the Sity fall and the Governor asked if he would make efforts to contact and have them get in touch with him.

Shortly after talking to the Governor, to the Montgomery County Jail and one of the deputies there, name not recalled, teld him that ERLIMER at that time was confined at the County Jail. He asked the deputy if were there and the deputy tald his he believed that the two of them had gone to the Governor's Manualan.

left the Sounty Jail, he met AL LINGO and. aslord him to come with them into the Sheriff's Office and he accompanied these individuals into the Shariffic

In the Sheriff's Office. individuals with him discussed the matter of signing a warrant charging ZELLMER with vagrance advised that these individuals present who were under never PATTERSON'S administration, namely, where was a second contraction of the contraction o would not allow would not allow the sign the varyant. He said it have who had been appointed by incoming Governor GRORGE VALLACE AS

On	5/28/6	1 of Montge	ery, Alaber	18	File # NO	44-901	100
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byc

Director of the Department of Public Safety, wanted to go shead and sign the vagrancy warrant.

prought down to the Cheriff's wifice and he was going to wis and kin various questions and should ZRLAMER refuse to answer, he wanted him, which is ign a vagrancy varrant against ZRLAMER and arrest him. Informed that he could not do this unless told to do so by his suberior contacted and talked to him and then talked to him and then talked to and told him to do whatevers requested.

One of the deputies brought ZELLMER to the Sheriff's Office and Degan to ask him questions and ZELLMER advised that he was refusing to enswer any questions and desired to contact his attorney. Degave him the telephone and ZELLMER telephonically contacted his attorney, CLIFFORD DURR, Montgomery, Alabama.

purk came to the Sheriff's Office and conferred with ZELLNER. Then asked ZELLNER some questions in the presence of his attorney, these questions being his name, where he lived and worked, and what he was doing in Mentgomery, Alabama, and ZELLNER refused to answer these questions.

At that point, told to arrest ZELLNER and charge him with vagrancy and then ZELLNER was arrested told what the bond should be but this securit not recalled After arresting ZELLNER, took him to the City Jall where he was booked on a vagrancy charge. The warrant was fikled out by a desk securit at the Pelice Department, his name not recalled by and the warrant was signed

booked at the city Jail at approximately midnight on Jamuary 8, 1963.

The next morning, January 9, 1963, ZELLEER Was being tried in City Court for vagrancy and as present at this time. Was advised by some member of the Police Department that the manager of the City Pain Shop had called stating he had the day before accepted a sheek from ZELLNER for the purchase of a camera. The reason

MO 44-901

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for his calling was that he had, that morning, seen in the paper where ZELLHER had been arrested and had then called the bank in Atlanta on which the check was written and had been informed that the bank account of ZELLHER did not have sufficient funds to cover the amount of the check.

asked if the pawn shop manager would sign a warrant and told him he did not imagine he would as the manager desired only his money for the return of the camera.

box

had had had had the check be obtained and had been been to go to the City Pawn Shop and obtain the check. I have dinstructed that the check be taken to the Union Bank and Trust Company, Montgomery, and some official there to call the bank in Atlanta to determine if the balance in ZELLMER's account was sufficient to cover the amount of the check.

that the account did not have sufficient funds to cover the check.

Atlanta on which the check was drawn requesting that bank to furnish him with a reply as to the amount of money in ZELLNER's account to determine if, in fact, his account had sufficient funds to cover the check. He sent the chartes to the bank requesting a reply that day. He said a reply was not received from the bank that day but on the next day, January 10, 1963, a telegram was received from the bank informing him that there was sufficient funds in the bank to cover the amount of the check.

pawn shop was ever asked to sign a warrant, but is of the opinion that he was not asked to do so as the manager stated it was his only concern to receive the money or the return of the camera purchased by ZKLIAKR.

charging ZELLNER with false pretense regarding the check.

Jamuary 9, 1963, and he arrested ZELLNER on this charge of

**MO** 44-901

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false pretense.

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in this incident.

Date Date - 12

Department of the State of Alabama, contacted Special Agent by telephone May 28, 1963 and advised that he was then in Governor WALLACE's office: that he had been advised by his Secretary that Special Agent and another Agent had attempted to contact him that morning at his own office and wished to see him today.

and the second s

asked the nature of the matter that Agent wished to see his about and was advised that Agents sought to interview him as one of the persons alleged to have been present at the Montgomery County Courthouse on the night that JOHN ROBERT ZELINER was arrested and brought to the Courthouse by AL LINGO

volunteered that he did recall the night and did hear about the arrest and go to the County Courthouse. He said, "However, I got there too late to participate in the decision on the arrest or the charge to be filed. I did not see ZEILNER and believe that when I arrived ZEILNER had already been taken to the City Jail." He said, "Wait a minute, AL LINGO is here in the Governor's Office.

He turned and talked to someone and then said "AL says he believes I didn't get to the Courthouse until after ZELLNER had been moved over to the City Jail."

as to what transpired that night at the Courthouse and is not willing to make any statement as to what he merely heard after arriving there.

On _	5/28/63 at _	Montgomery,	Alabama	File #	NO 44-901	
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Date 5/29/63

contacted AA to set up an appointment to interview him. Upon learning the nature of the information desired Mr. DUMM advised that he had submitted a sworn affidavit on petrusny 25, 1963, In support of an application for a restraining order filed on behalf of JUMM ROMARY EXLAMER in the United States District Court, Middle District of Alabama. He advised that this affidavit contains his complete knowledge of the circumstances surrounding the arrest of and the charges placed against EXLAMER with the exception of a small amount of additional information which will be set forth below. Mr. DURN advised that he prefers that the information contained in his affidavit take the place of any additional statement by him. The information contained in Mr. DURN's affidavit take the belows:

On 5/28/63 of Montgomery, Alabama File # 180 44-901

by SA 201 Date dictated 5/28/63

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# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT

#### OF ALABAMA

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JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER

AZ.

CIVIL ACTION NO.

WILLIAM F. THETFORD,
Solicitor Fifteenth Judicial
Circuit of Alabama; AFFIDAVIT TO SUPPORT
MAURY D. SMITH, Deputy
Selicitor Fifteenth Judicial APPLICATION FOR RESTRAINING
Circuit of Alabama
PRANK RIGGS, Deputy Solicitor ORDER
Fifteen Judicial Circuit of Alabama
AL LINGO, Director of the Department
of Public Safety, and their successors
in each such office.

I.

CLIFFORD J. DURR, being duly sworm on cath, deposes and says as follows:

"I am a resident of the City of Montgomery, Montgomery County, Alabama, a member of the Alabama Bar and I am engaged in the practive of law in the City of Montgomery. I am well acquainted with JOHN ROBERT ZELIMER and have known him since December of 1960 when he was a student at Huntingdom Ceilege located in the City of Montgomery, Alabama.

"On the night of Tuesday, January Sth, 1963, a young man by the name of SAM SHIRAH came to my home and told me that ZHILMER had just been arrested on the Huntingdon College campus by WILLIE B. PAINTER, a State Investigator and some other person whom he could not, at the time, identity. Shortly thereafter, I telephoned the County Jail and asked if ZHILMER was being held there and, if so, what the charge was against him. The person I talked to, whose mane I understood to be SCHRIMSER, told me that ZHILMER was being held in the County Jail but that he did not know what the

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charge was. He premised to call me back as soon as he was advised of the charge. After waiting about forty five minutes, and having received no return sall, I telephoned the County Jail again. I was again informed by the person answering that he did not know what the charges against ZELIMER were but that there was some kind of a conference going on and he suggested that I call WILLIE B. PAINTER. He gave me a telephone number at which PAINTER sould be located and, on subsequent check, I found this to be the number of the office of the Hentgemery County Solicitor. I called this number, got PAINTER on the telephone, and asked what the charges against ZELIMER were. He replied that he did not know. I then asked what business he had holding a man in jail when he did not even know what he was accused of having done. PAINTER replied to this that he could not talk to me right then but would call me back later.

"After waiting about an hour, and having received no call from PAINTER, I again telephoned the County Jail. This was about ten P.M. or shortly thereafter. The person answering again told me he did not know what the charges were but there had been a lot of conferring going on and ZELINER was being turned over to the City. I asked that ZELINER he permitted to come to the phone so I could talk to him but this request was refused.

"About an hour later, which was around il o'clock P.M. ZELINER called me over the phone and told me he was being held at the County Sheriff's effice. I had talked to him a very short time when MAURY SMITH, Deputy County Soliciter for Mantgamery County, got on the phone and told me that if I would only advise ZELINER to answer a few routine questions, it would not be necessary for me to come down to the Sheriff's office. I asked Mr. SMITH what ZELIMER was charged with but got no response. I then told him that I would certainly not advise ZELIMER to answer any questions until the charges were made known and that I was coming right down to the Sheriff's Office.

When I arrived at the Sheriff's office, I was met by Mr. FLOYD MANN, then Director of the State Department of Public Safety, who introduced me to Mr. PAINTER and to a Mr. NO 44-901 -1fb

AL LYNGO who, I was informed, had been named as successor to Mr. MANN and who would take office after the Inauguration of Judge WALLACE, the incoming Governor, on January 14th., 1963. In addition to Mr. MAURY SMITH, Lieut. J.D. SHOWS of the City Pelice Department was present at the Sheriff's effice, a newspaper reporter and several other people whom I am unable to identify.

Appendix of the control of the contr

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"Mr. SMITH told me he only wanted to ask ZKLIMER a few routine questions but I again told him that I would not advise ZKLIMER to answer anyquestions until I was informed what he was charged with. Mr. SMITH then proceeded to write some questions on a yellow pad which he read back to ZELIMER. I again told him that I was advising ZELIMER not to answer until informed of the charges. SMITH then turned toward J.D. SHOWS and said in a loud voice, "Charge him with vagrancy and set the Bondcht \$1000.00." The newspaper reporter them asked if \$1000.00 was customary for a bond in a vagrancy case but he get no reply. The reporter them asked who was swearing out the warrant, to which both Mr. MANN and Mr. PAINTER replied that they were not going to swear it out. I then asked Mr. SMITH who was going to swear it out and he replied "That will be self evident when it has been done." ZELIMER was then taken to the City Jail and I left for home. By this time is was close to twelve o'clock midnight.

"The next morning, I was called by a newspaper reporter and advised that ZELLNER's trial had been set before the Recorder at 8:30 A.M. This was the first and only advance information I received of the time of the trial.

"The trial was held before the Hon. D. EUGENE LOE, City Recorder. Before the trial I looked over the affidavit in support of the warrant and it charged that ZELLNER. "did wander or strell about in idleness or lead an idle, immoral or profligate life, and is able to work, or loafs, loiters or idles in the City or upon any other public place." The offense charged was declared to be a violation of Chapter 20, Section 57, of the City Code.

NO 44-901 -1fb

"At the trial, although a City offense was alleged, the presecution was conducted by Mr. MAURY SMITH. Although I listened to the testimony very closely I heard no testimony conforming with the language of the affidavit. The nearest approximation to such testimony was that of Mr. PAINTER who morely said ZELLNER was walking with another young man along the sideralks of Eurgtindon College at the time of his arrest. On eross-examination, Mr. PAINTER expressly said that he had no information that ZELLNER was leading an immoral or profligate life, he knew nothing about his ability to work and he did not know whether he was employed or not. At the conclusion of the testimony for the prosecution, (no testimony for the defense being offered) and a motion to exclude the testimony and dismiss the case having been made), the Recorder announced that he was finding ZKLIMER guilty of vagrancy but was deferring sentence until 8:30 A.M. January 10th, 1963. I protested that the maximum bond prescribed by law on an appeal from the Recordar's Court was \$300 and that ZKLINER was entitled to be released on bond. To this the Recorder replied in effect, that ZKLINER's right to bail bend expired when he was found guilty and his right to an appeal bond did not arise until sentence had been passed and that ZELIMER was, therefore, not entitled to be released on bond.

"The next morning, Jamesry 10th, 1963, at about 8:30 A.M. ZELIMER was sentenced to thirty days at hard labor. I then offered to make a cash bend for \$300 and appeal to the Circuit Court but was informed that ZELIMER was being held on another charge of "false pretense" and that the bend for that would be an additional \$500. In the course of the morning the \$800 in cash was raised and bond made on both charges and the vagrancy charge appealed to the Circuit Court of Montgomery County.

"At the preliminary hearing before the Reserver on the false pretense charge which was held January 23, 1963, Mr. MAURI SMITH who was prosecuting, offered in evidence a purported statement of the Citizen's Trust Company of Atlanta, Georgia, a bank on which ZEILMER was alleged to have written an \$65.00 cheek, purporting to show that ZEILMER's helance at the time the check was written was less than \$85.00. The statement was admitted over my objection that it had not

18 44-901 -mrh

been properly preven, on the basis of testimony by Mr. Smith, who took the witness stand, to the effect that he had obtained the statement from me in connection with negotiations I had conducted with him in an effort to obtain a dismissal of the false pretense charge. He admitted that in the course of our negotiations he would recommend that the false pretense charge be not pressed if Zellner would plead guilty to the vagrancy charge, The negotiations referred to by Mr. Smith consisted of several conferences I had previously had with him requesting that he treat the vagrancy and the false pretense charges as entirely separate matters and in view of the consequences to Zellner's reputation that he consider the false pretense charge and the matter of intent very carefully before proceeding further with the prosecution of the false pretense charge. The conference in which Smith offered to recommend dropping the false pretense charge took place before Mr. Thetford the County Solicitor in his office at the Courthouse in the City of Montgomery, Alabama. In the course of this conference Mr. Smith expressed reservations about the vagrancy charge but insisted that both charges be considered together. It was at this conference that he made the proposal of dismissing the false pretense charge on the Plea by Zellner of Guilty to the vagrancy charge. He further stated at this conference that in his opinion it would be impossible for Zellner to get a fair trial in Montgomery County at the present time.

Market Carlotte Service Service

When the vagrancy charge came before the Circuit Court on appeal, on February 12, 1963, it was not prossed on the motion of Mr. Bavid Crosland, City Attorney.

"In both Hearings before the Recorder, the \$85.00 check hereinabove referred to was admitted into evidence over my objection. The ground of objection assigned in both hearings was that the check was not shown to have been presented for payment and that payment had been refused. At the vagrancy hearing in the Recorder's Court I further objected on the grounds of relevancy.

"Following the sentencing of Zellner on the vagrancy charge by the Recorder on Jamuary 10, 1963, I requested that the check be either returned to me or to

200 44-901 -mrh

the City Pawn shop, the Payee named therein, in order that it might be presented for payment but the request was denied on Mr. Smith's insistence that it should continue to be held as evidence.

"On the preliminary hearing before the Recorder on the false pretense charge, Mr. Ehrlich of the City Pawn Shop testified that although he had telephoned some one in the Citizens Trust Company on the morning of January 9th, 1963, and been advised that Zellner's balance was less than 485.00, someone with that same bank had called him back later the same day and informed him that the balance was then sufficient to cover the check. According to all the testimony the check had been written in the late afternoon of January 8th, 1963.

"Following the preliminary hearing on the false pretense charge Zellner was placed under surveillance by The State Department of Public Safety and at least two and possibly more cars assigned to the task. I know this of my own knowledge as these cars were parked in the vicinity of my own home, where Zellner was staying. I know this not only from observation but from several conversations I had with Painter who was in one of the cars assigned to the surveillance.

### "/s/ CLIFFORD J. DURK

"SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me on this the 25 day of February, 1963.

# /s/ CHARLES MORGAN JR. Notary Public"

Mr. DURK advised that in addition to the information set forth in his affidavit concerning Mr. KHRLICH of the City Pawn Shop, KHRLICH told him that the individual who called him from the Citizens Trust Company in Atlanta, Georgia, also said that he had already told the Montgomery Police Department that the check was good.

Mr. DURR stated that the Circuit Court records in Montgomery County in the trial of ZELLMER's case contain a

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copy of a telegram from the Citizens Trust Company to the Montgomery Police Department stating that ZELLMER's check for \$65.00 was good.

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On Jamery 8, 1963, Robert Kellher parenties in a

Zellney for the camera. The chest was for 195 to price drawn on the Citiens Trust Sonk Atlantage Record L. The Citiens and the light was for identifies tion and the lightse number was placed on the chest.

Robert Zeliner had been arrested in Mentgemery and charged with vagrancy. At approximately 8:10 AM I enlied the bank in Atlanta Bo determine if the check was good.

"Sque waman in the bookkeeping department of the bank told me that at that time there were not sufficient funds in H. E. Zeilner's account to cover the amount of the cheeks

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□ (b	)(5)		□ (b)(9)	□ (k)(6)	
□ (b	)(6)	7-		□ (k)(7)	
Docum	st is listed in th ments originate	e title only.	with no reference to the sub- ment agency(ies). These do	1.	·
Page to t	es contain infor the releasability	rmation furnished by an of this information follo	other Government agency(i	the other agency(ies).	
	position at a late		se determination has not be	en made. You will be ac	lvised as to
_ Page	es were not con	nsidered for release as 1	they are duplicative of	and the section of th	
_ Page	e(s) withheld fo	or the following reason(	s):		

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX HO 44-901

67C

A would not have signed a warrant

"I have read the above statement and it is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

67L

\*/8/

"Witnesses:

プレ "/s)

Special Agent, PET, Mobile, Ala. Special Agent, FBI, Mobile, Ala. Mo 机F007 - EEE

## - Following states rigation was by Special Agents

WILLIAM & THE WORD, Solicitor to the biddless.
District of Alabama, advised that Mr. THETEORD was then in court but that she is familiar with the case against JOHN; ROBERT ZELINER that ended with a Mistrial in Circuit Court of Montgomery County.

She said the files in her office indicate this case to still be pending and set for trial during the July (1963) Term of the Circuit Court of Montgomery County)

Office of the Circuit Clerk of Montgomery County, confirmed that ZEILNER's trial is set for the regular July Term.

She knew of no new motions or other activity in this case.